Sustainable Food Policy

The Sustainable Food Policy was launched by the University Catering Service in 2016, in collaboration with the Environment and Energy Section of the Estates Division. Its impact was analysed and is shown in the Sustainable Food Journey.

The Sustainable Food Policy, updated in 2019, outlines a number of sustainable provision and procurement practices which aim ‘to minimise the impact of catering operations on the environment, [and] to promote sustainable practises and consumption’. The four main objectives of the Sustainable Food Policy are:

1) Continue to eliminate ruminant meat from our menus, and reduce overall meat consumption

2) Actively promote plant based foods over meat options and continue to create tasty vegetarian and vegan options

3) Continue to limit fish consumption and eliminate the use of fish on the ‘fish to avoid’ list from the Marine Conservation Society

4) Continue to reduce the amount of waste produced, in particular food waste

The Sustainable Food Policy is aligned closely with wider university sustainability objectives. The University’s Environmental Sustainability Vision is: ‘The University is committed to making a positive impact through outstanding environmental sustainability performance’.

Planning catering for events

Food requirements should always be planned carefully and efficiently to avoid unnecessary wastage. You should use the University Catering Service or one of the Preferred Suppliers who are experienced in this area.

Disposables

Avoid ordering individually packaged food/drink items and/or non-compostable disposable crockery, glassware and cutlery. Where possible, choose china and glassware even if there is an additional charge for this. Where disposable packaging must be used, aim to use environmentally sustainable options, such as compostable disposables, which can be collected with food waste and sent to anaerobic digestion rather than going to landfill. Ensure a food waste bin is provided in this instance.

It should be remembered that tap water is always a more sustainable choice than bottled water, as it significantly reduces the levels of transport and packaging waste.

Meat and Fish

Ruminant meat (beef, mutton, venison, lamb, sheep) is to be avoided. Its production has high carbon emissions and water usage, and is linked to deforestation practices.

If choosing to consume meat, please ensure that it is produced to high environmental and animal welfare standards e.g. Red Tractor Assured, and is as locally sourced as possible.

If choosing fish, please ensure that it is accredited by the Marine Stewardship Council (MSC), and does not feature on the Marine Conservation Society “fish to avoid” list. The
UN Food and Agriculture Organisation estimate that 81% of monitored fish stocks are currently over-exploited, or even fully exploited.

**Eggs and Dairy**

You should aim to reduce the overall amount of dairy and eggs consumed at your event, as eggs and dairy production is associated with high levels of carbon emissions. Where consumed, ensure that eggs and dairy products conform to high environmental and animal welfare standards, accredited to Red Tractor Assured and free range where possible.

**Vegan Products**

Always try to choose vegan options as often as possible, because switching to plant-based diets dramatically reduces the amount of land, water, and oil resources used in food production. It is estimated that switching from high meat eater to vegan reduces a person’s greenhouse gas footprint by 60%.

To encourage staff and students to make vegan choices, we advise event organisers to present meat as an ‘opt in’ choice rather than ‘opt out’ on registration forms. Plant-based dishes should have a prominent place on all menus produced.

Plant-based foods in events and colleges should be seasonal and sourced as locally as possible. Not only will this reduce environmental impacts, it should also ensure that the produce is less expensive.

**Palm Oil and Soya**

The palm oil industry is linked to high rates of deforestation, habitat degradation, climate change, animal cruelty and indigenous rights abuses. Hence, it is important to source products containing palm oil to be certified by the Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO). While a common response is to eliminate palm oil and use other oils, this may cause more damage because palm oil is a great item with versatile uses. Hence, ensuring it is certified RSPO means other factors are limited.

The expansion of soybean plantations is also leading to deforestation, threatening biodiversity and endangering the livelihoods of local people. To use sustainable soya products, ensure it’s certified by the Roundtable on Responsible Soy (RTRS) or ProTerra.

**Fairtrade**

Ensure that all products used in an event have been fairly traded throughout their supply chains. It is necessary that all tea, coffee and sugar is to be certified Fairtrade.

**Alcohol**

When selecting alcohol within colleges and departments, you should always aim for ‘Old World’ wines from countries close to the UK, such as France and Italy. Avoid ‘New World’ wines from countries such as South America and Australia as the transportation of these have negative environmental impacts that can easily be mitigated by making sustainable choices.

**Further Information**

Further information can be found:

- on the University Centre website (www.unicen.cam.ac.uk/sustainable-food)
- on the Environment and Energy website (www.environment.admin.cam.ac.uk/sustainable-food)

**Other leaflets in the Food Safety Guidance Notes Series**

1. Food Safety – An introduction to legislation for University premises
2. Catering Options - A guide for departments and faculties
3. Staff Kitchens and Tearooms – General hygiene requirements
4. Food Hygiene Training Requirements
5. Guidance on Departmental Barbecue Safety
6. Purchase, Delivery and Storage of Food
7. Preparation and Service of Food
8. Personal Hygiene Requirements for Individuals Preparing or Serving Food
9. Cleaning and Pest Control in Food Preparation Areas
10. Food Safety Guidance for Departmental Christmas Parties
11. Food Safety for Charity Events – A guide for departments and faculties